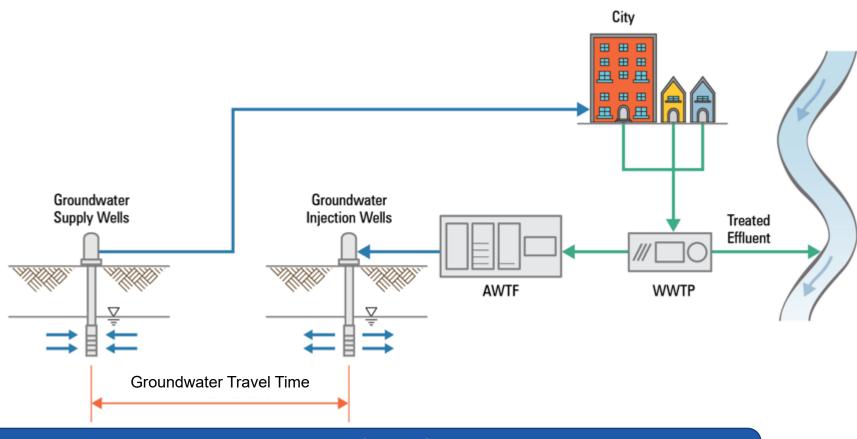




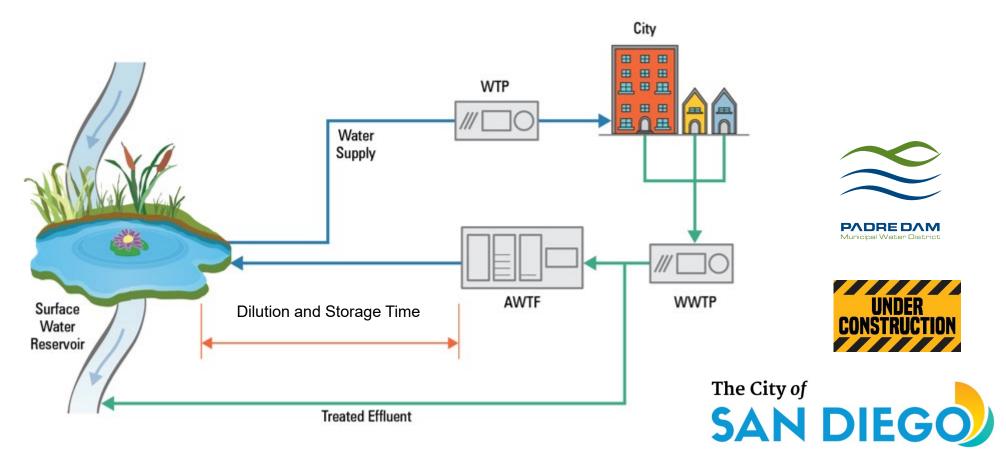
# Definitions - Indirect Potable Reuse (IPR) via Groundwater Injection



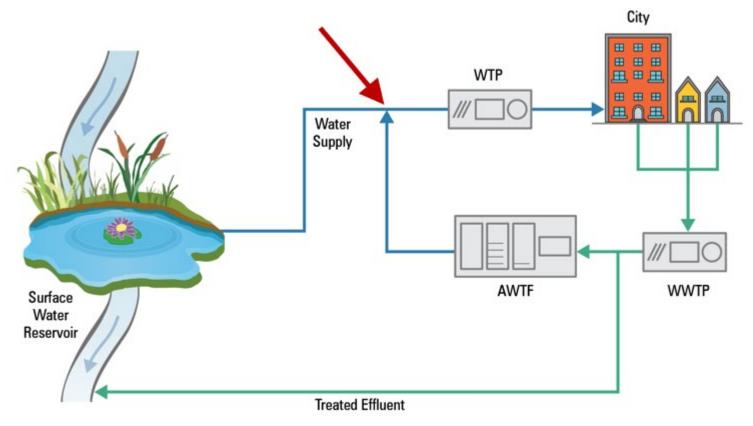
All current IPR projects in CA are GW recharge projects ~200 mgd of total capacity OCWD, LA, West Basin, WRD, Oceanside, Monterey, IEUA

**SINCE 1933** 

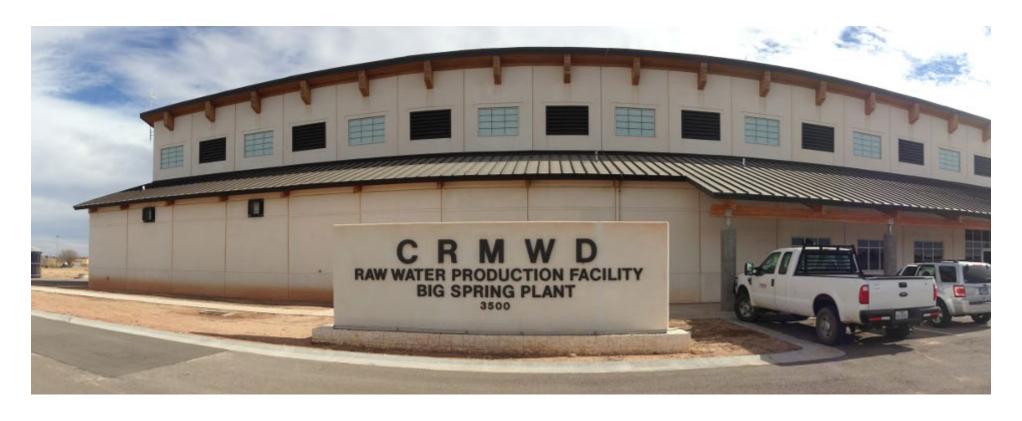
# Definitions - Indirect Potable Reuse (IPR) via Reservoir Augmentation



# Definitions - Direct Potable Reuse (DPR) via Raw Water Augmentation

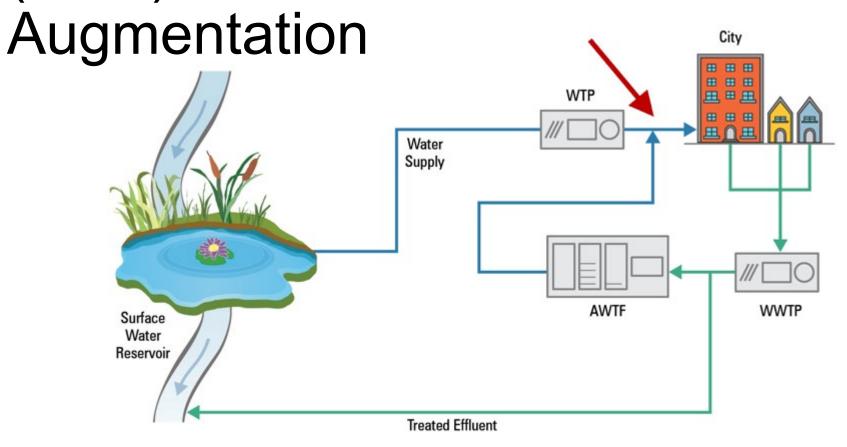






# Big Spring Texas DPR System Successfully Operating Since 2013

Definitions - Direct Potable Reuse (DPR) via Treated Water





# City of Windhoek, New Goreangab Water Reclamation Plant (NGWRP), Namibia

- Oldest DPR globally
- Old Goreangab WRP (1968 2002) 7.5 MLD.
- NGWRP (2002 present) 21 MLD.
- Private Management Agreement Financial Penalties for Quality Excursions.
- No guidance at inception has developed and changed with the times.
- No disease incidence linked to recycled water during entire history of operation.

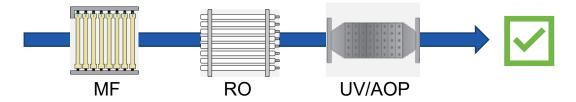


https://www.veoliawatertechnologies.com/sites/g/files/dvc2476/files/image/2018/12/Windheock-banner.jpg (Date Accessed: 17/2/2019)

#### // Two Types of Advanced Treatment Trains

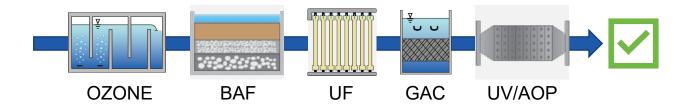
Proven to produce safe potable quality water

#### Reverse Osmosis-Based Advanced Treatment



Removes Pathogens	Removes Trace Organics	Removes Salinity	Requires Brine Disposal	Energy- Intensive
<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Yes	Yes

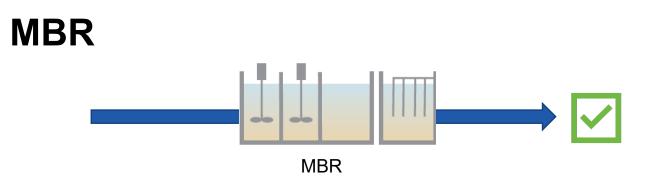
#### **Carbon-Based Advanced Treatment**



Removes Pathogens	Removes Trace Organics	Removes Salinity	Requires Brine Disposal	Energy- Intensive
<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	*	No	No

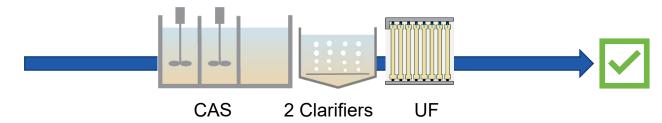
#### // Two Different Modes of Wastewater Treamtent

Proven to produce high quality feed water for purification

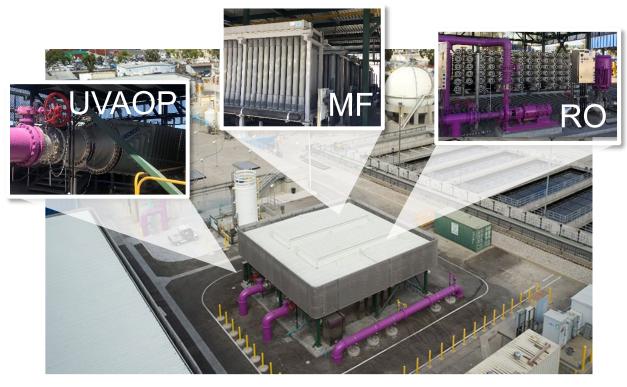


Removes Pathogens	Removes Trace Organics	Removes Solids	Pretreats Ahead of AWPF
<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

#### **Conventional Activated Sludge**



Removes Pathogens	Removes Trace Organics	Removes Solids	Pretreats Ahead of AWPF
<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>



CITY OF LOS ANGELES TERMINAL ISLAND AWPF

- **Example Full-scale RBAT for PRW:**
- LA (CA)
- OCWD (CA)
- Scottsdale (AZ)
- Big Spring (TX)



#### CITY OF ALTAMONTE SPRINGS (FLORIDA) DEMONSTRATION AWPF

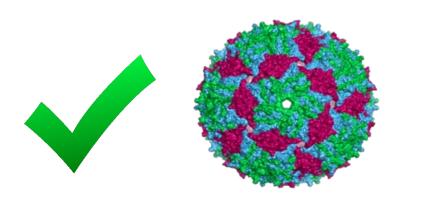
**Example Full-scale CBAT for PRW:** 

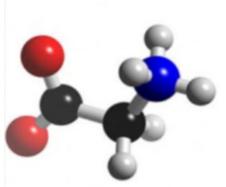
- Gwinnett (GA)
- UOSA (VA)
- El Paso (TX)
- Rio Rancho (NM)



# Purified Recycled Water Quality is Proven...Many Times Over

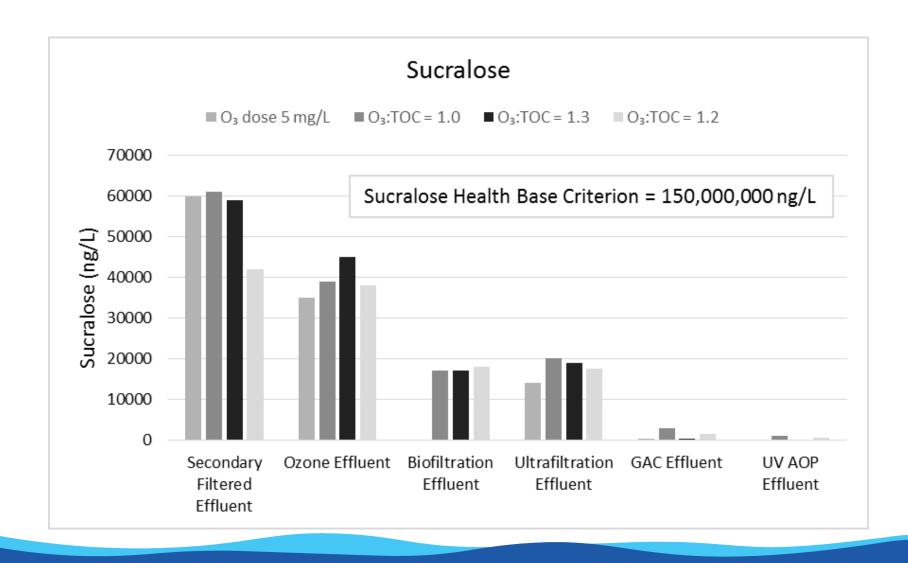
- Highest Quality Municipal Water (and lowest risk)
- Meets all Regulated Parameters, vast majority nondetectable
- Robust barrier to emerging pollutants
- Robust barrier to pathogens







#### CECs, PPCPs, PFCs are Removed

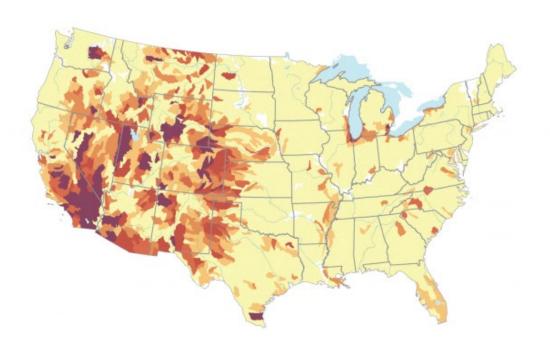






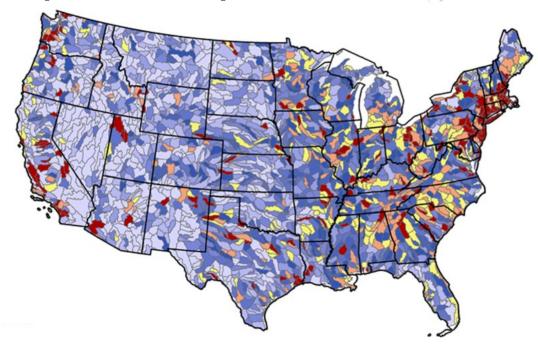
### **DUAL** Drivers for (Potable) Reuse in the US

#### 1. Water Supply Scarcity



Source https://www.globalchange.gov/browse/multimedia/water-stress-us

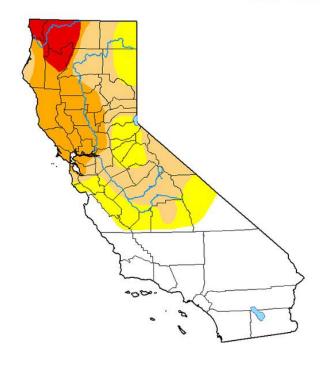
## 2. Discharge Avoidance (Nutrients)

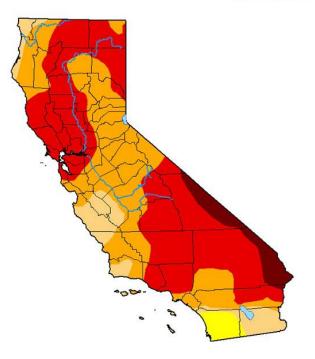


Source: Sabo et al, 2021 at https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/2515-7620/abf296

## **Drought** Drives PRW in CA

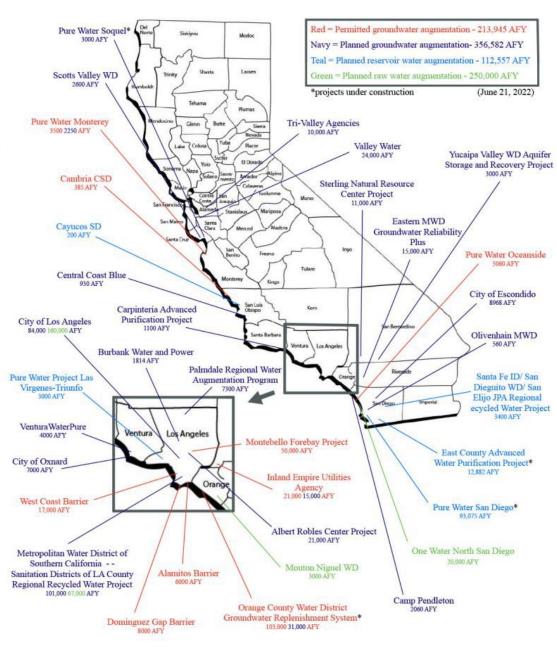
April 28, 2020 April 27, 2021



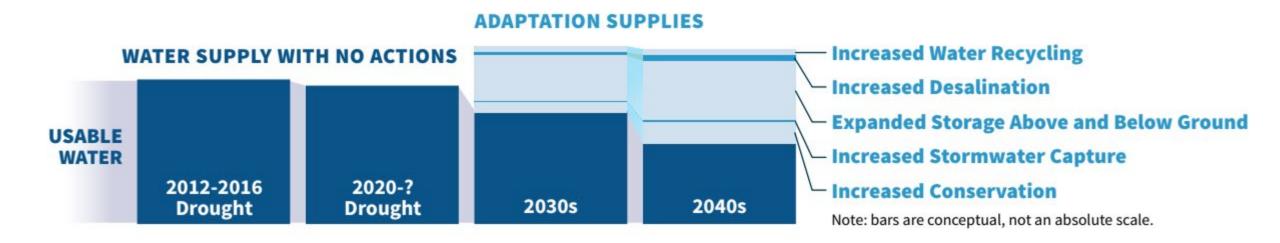




#### Potable Reuse Projects



For more project information, click here: https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/19Eds8s0sSf0X7cbVXc5Pa8A-cKVmo-3VAFhL4PQ7yL8/edit



- 72,000 acre-feet per year of additional recycled water by 2030 (800,000 AFY total)
- 1,000,000 acre-feet per year of additional recycled water by 2040 (1,800,000 AFY total)





California has been doing potable water reuse since the 1960s

**THEN** 



**NOW** 







The Gold Standard for PRW treatment, Orange County Water District, was implemented 20 years ago

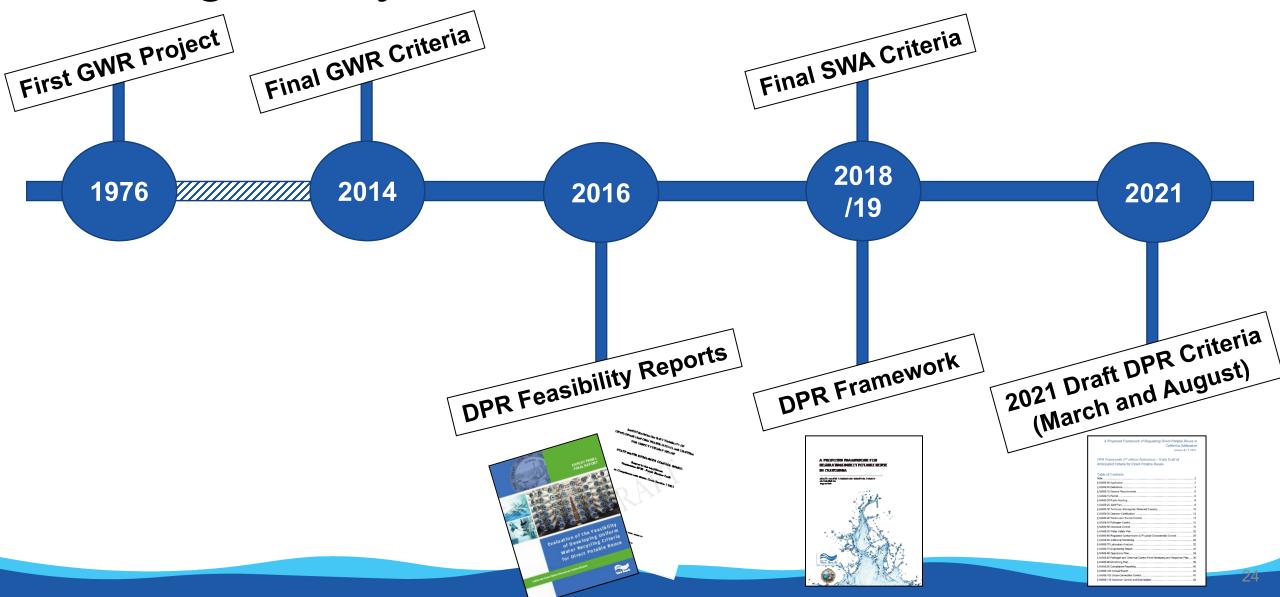




## // California PRW Regulations

	Groundwater Recharge	Surface Water Augmentation	Draft Direct Potable Reuse
Pathogen Control	Virus 12-log <i>Giardia</i> 10-log <i>Crypto</i> 10-log	12 to 14-log 10 to 12-log 10 to 12-log	20-log 14-log 15-log
Treatment Train	Tertiary disinfected RO + UV/AOF	P RO + UV/AOP	Ozone/BAC + RO + UV/AOP
Plans	Operations Plan	<ul> <li>Joint Plan</li> <li>Operations Plan</li> <li>Treatment Plant and Distribution System Impacts Plan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Joint Plan</li> <li>Water Safety Plan</li> <li>Operations Plan</li> <li>Pathogen &amp; Chemical Control Point Monitoring and Response Plan</li> <li>Monitoring Plan</li> <li>Corrosion Control &amp; Stabilization Plan</li> </ul>

## // Regulatory Context for DPR





## IMPLEMENTATION OF DIRECT POTABLE REUSE

A GUIDE FOR

CALIFORNIA

WATER UTILITIES

FINAL | MARCH 2021





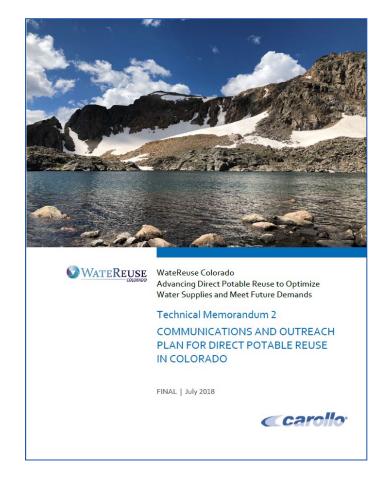
- 1 Project Definition
- Technical, Managerial, and Financial Capability
- 3 Interagency Agreements
- Outreach and Education
- 5 Wastewater Source Control
- 6 Wastewater Treatment
- Multiple Treatment Barriers
- 8 Pathogen Control and Monitoring
- 9 Chemical Control and Monitoring
- 10 Operations
- Water Quality Management
- 12 Emerging Issues
- 13 Collaboration to Spur Innovation





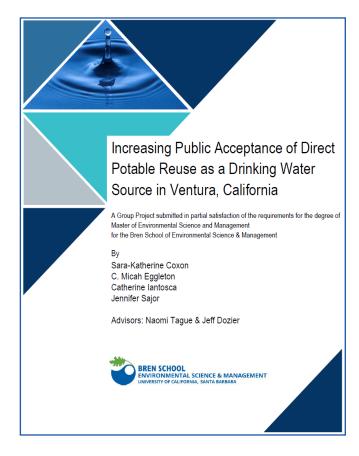
Engagement

# // A Clear Engagement Plan is Essential to a Successful Engagement Program

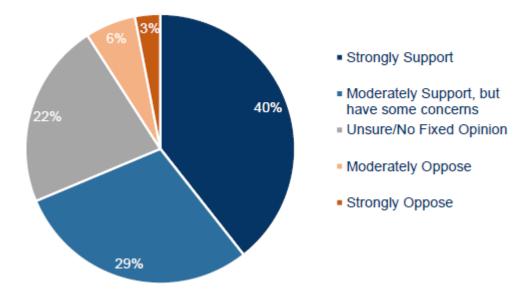


Group or Organization	Priority <sup>(1)</sup>	Category
ocal elected officials	High	Influencer
Press/media	High	Influencer
Town Councils and Boards	High	Implementer
Community organizations	High	Influencer
ocal health department	High	Influencer
Managers/executives	High	Influencer and Implementer
Community leaders (public as water utility customers)	High	User
Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment	High	Regulator/Agency
Industry (food and beverage, manufacturing, etc.)	High	User
Environmental groups	High	Influencer
State legislators	Medium	Influencer
Water associations and organizations (CFWE, AWWA, CWC, etc.)	Medium	Influencer
Basin Roundtables and Inter-Basin Compact Commission	Medium	Influencer
Schools (K-12)	Medium	Influencer
Secondary education academic staff	Medium	Influencer
Water providers' leadership (Front Range Water Council, etc.)	Medium	Influencer
Water providers operations staff	Medium	Implementer
Water resources staff	Medium	Implementer
Agriculture and downstream constituents	Medium	Users
Colorado Water Conservation Board	Medium	Regulator/Agency
Medical professionals	Low	Influencer
Other state elected officials	Low	Influencer
Development community	Low	Influencer

#### // Transparent Information and Direct Engagement Leads to Public Confidence in PRW

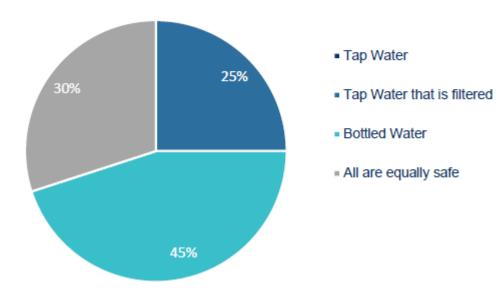


Q: How do you feel about adding advanced purified water to Ventura's drinking water supply if it was treated to the same quality (or higher) as regular tap water?

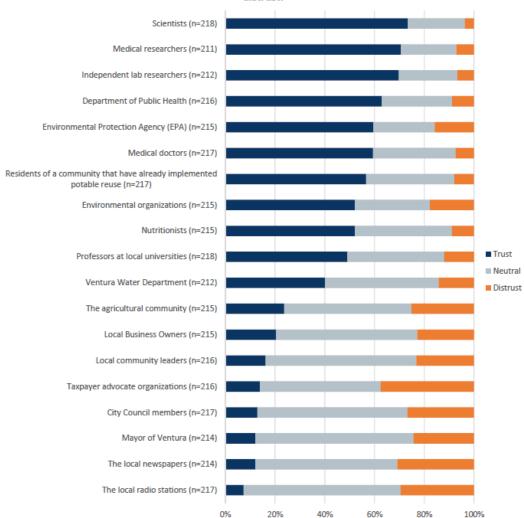


## // Understanding Public Perspective Focuses Engagement

Q: What water source do you consider the safest? (APW Opposed Segment)



The following is a list of people and organizations that may provide information about advanced purified water. Please tell us who you would generally trust or distrust.







## Why Do a Demonstration?







Las Virgenes-Triunfo Pure Water Project





## // The YUCK Factor



## // Emerging Pollutants



It was on a short-cut through the hospital kitchens that Albert was first approached by a member of the Antibiotic Resistance.

Drought, Seawater
Intrusion, and Potable
Reuse on California's
Central Coast

## **Presenting:**

Gina Dorrington General Manager

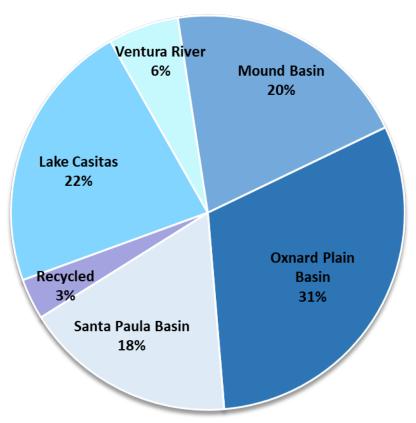
Ventura Water



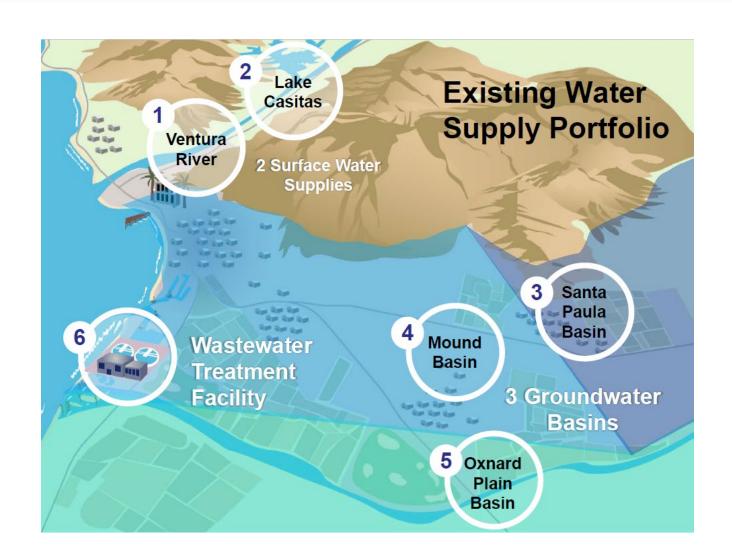


## **Water Supply**



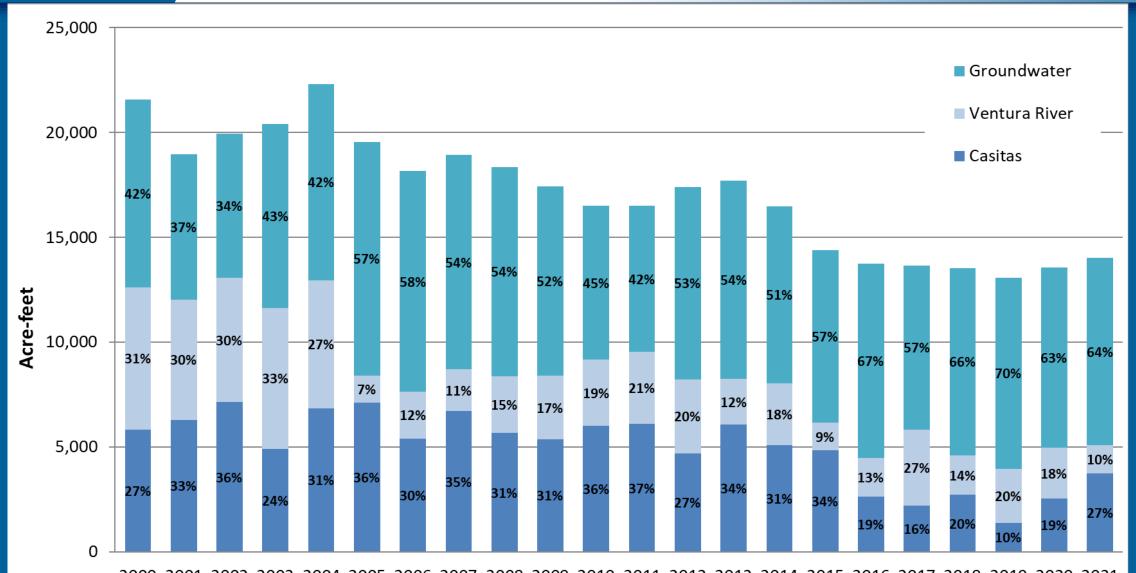


2022 Current Water Supply: 17,224 acre-feet (drought conditions)





## 2000-2021 Water Production By Source



# **Current Water Supplies are Rain Dependent & Vulnerable**

**Climate Change** Predict increased frequency and duration of LAKE droughts **CASITAS Future** decreases to existing **VENTURA** sources **RIVER** Augment & **Diversify Oxnard Basin** Supply allocation **Portfolio** anticipated to decrease by 50% by 2040 Ventura River **GROUNDWATER BASINS** litigation Lake Casitas levels



## **Drought Orders and Conservation**



2021

 Governor Newsom calls on Californians to voluntarily reduce water use by 15%

2022

• State Water Resources Control Board adopts emergency regulations to encourage up to 20% water savings

**Future** 

 State to set standards on indoor and outdoor residential water use and CII outdoor water use

2027

City required to meet standards



## Challenges of Drought and Water Supply





 Need to develop new water supply for resiliency, diversity, and projected growth



 Continue to promote and meet conservation levels



 Tell residents to reduce water usage while justifying rate increases

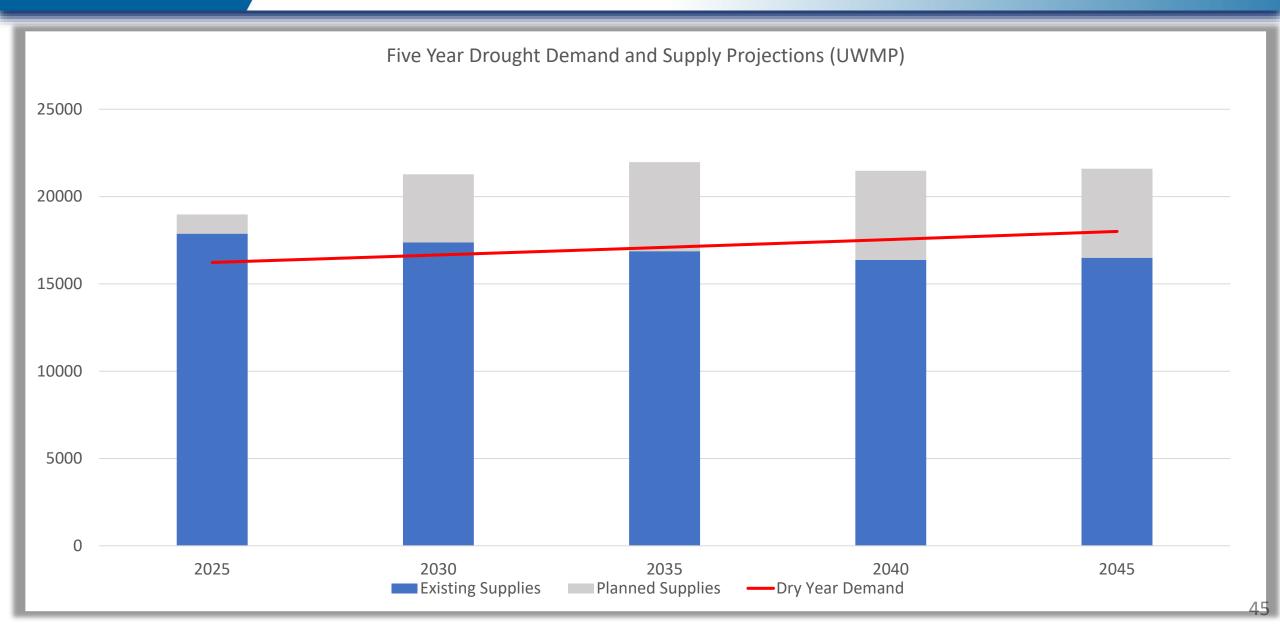


 Keep operational and maintenance pace with aging infrastructure



## **Long-Term Demand and Supply Projections**







## **Long-Term Solutions**



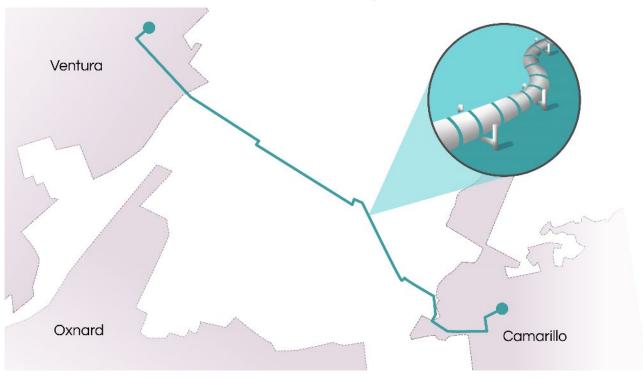




## **Long-Term Solutions**



## **State Water Interconnection Project**



- Now in permitting and design
- Regional
   Agreements in-progress
- Estimated Start of Construction:2024





**EMERGENCY** intertie



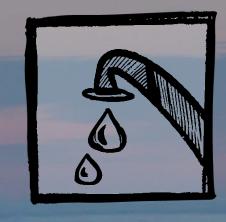
**IMPROVE** water quality

## **Long-Term Solutions**









### DROUGHT RESISTANT

Creates a drought-resistant, reliable water supply that isn't dependent on rain

## ENVIRONMENTALLY PROTECTIVE

Reduces water discharge to the estuary, creating a natural environment for endangered species

#### HIGH QUALITY

Produces high-quality drinking water



#### VenturaWaterPure (VWP)

#### **Timeline**

Phase 1A: 3,600 AFY
Delivered water capacity
(2,800 AFY minimum)
Discharge to Estuary ≤ 1.9 MGD

Phase 1A: Diversion -Discharge to Estuary ≤ 1.9 MGD Phase 1B: 5,400 AFY
Delivered water capacity
(4,000 AFY minimum)
Discharge to Estuary 0-0.5 MGD

Preliminary Design

**Final Design** 

Construction

Final
Design
expansion

**Construction**expansion

2008 - 2018

2019 - 2022

2022 - 2027

2028 - 2030

2031 - 2032

#### 2008

NPDES Permit requiring studies and litigation regarding estuary discharge

#### 2011/2012

City enters Consent Decree with Wishtoyo Foundation and Heal the Bay

#### 2015

VWP demonstration facility operations

#### 2019

Final EIR certified

#### 2018

VWP Comprehensive Water Resources Report confirms diversified supplies needed to avoid future water shortages

#### 2010-2018

Special Studies, Phase I through III Estuary Studies, and Scientific Reviews

#### 2019-2023

**Environmental Permitting** 

#### 2022-2025

Pre-Construction
Assessment Program
(PCAP) for baseline
data collection prior to
Phase 1A

#### end of 2025

Outfall Discharge Facilities construction complete

#### 2026-2028

Monitoring & Adaptive Mgmt. Program (MAAMP) prior to Phase 1B

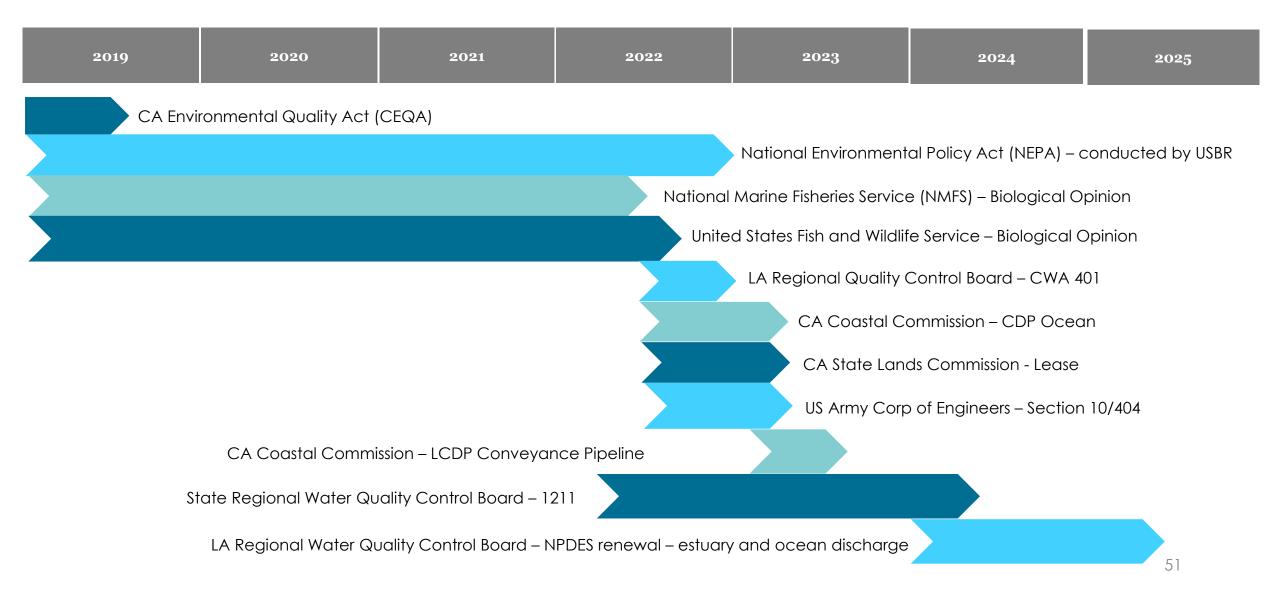
#### end of 2027

MBR and AWPF construction complete

#### 2029

Evaluate MAAMP results and proceed to Phase 1B

## Outfall Permits - Anticipated Schedule



## Potential Funding Scenario

Other sources from Net Zero, Cash Reserves, Revenue Bonds

> Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan (CWSRF)

Outfall (funding list)

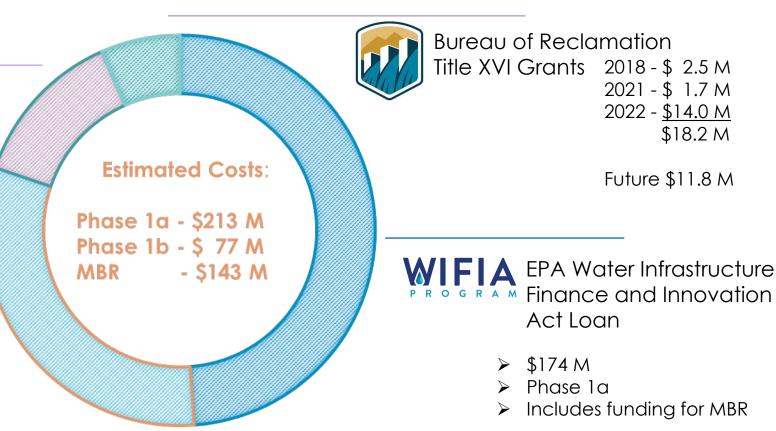
> \$34.8 M Loan

Water Boards

> \$15.0 M Grant

MBR/UV (applied)

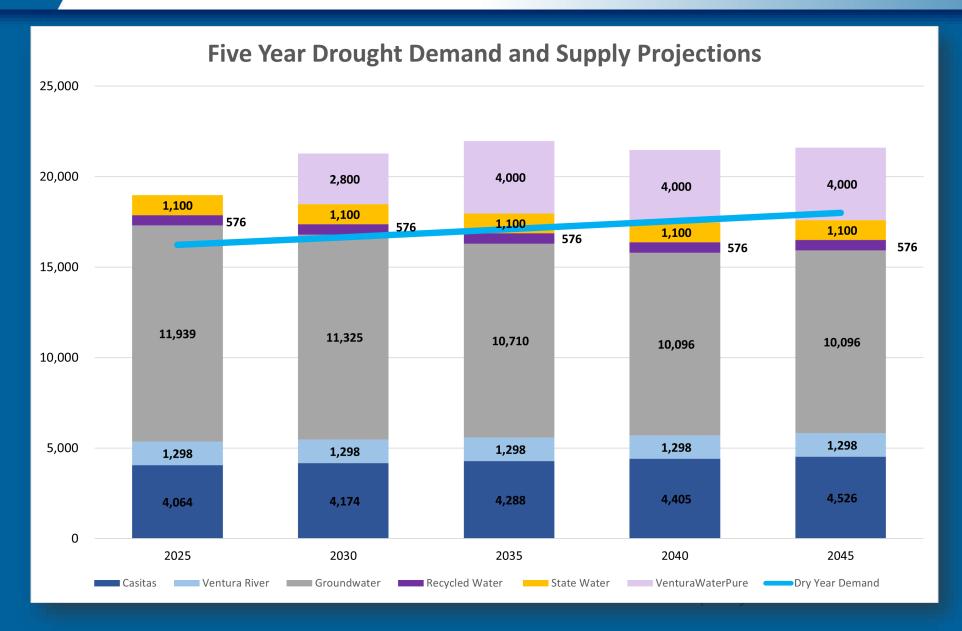
• \$143.5 M





## **Long-Term Demand and Supply Projections**



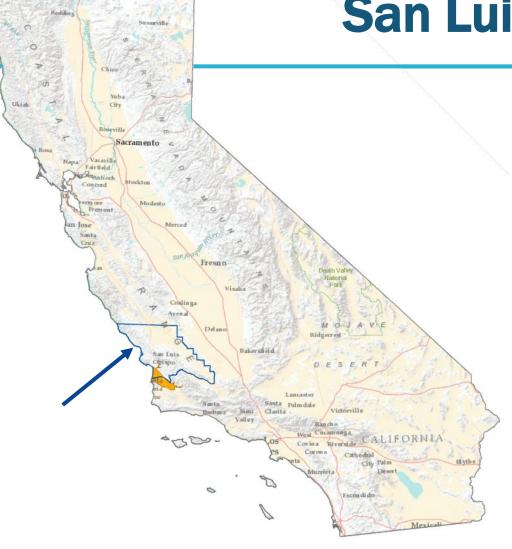


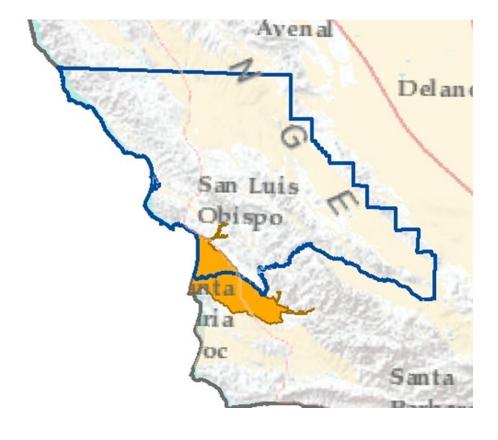
## Thank You!





# **Central Coast of California San Luis Obispo County**







**LOPEZ RESERVOIR** 

STATE WATER PROJECT

South San Luis Obispo
County relies on three water
sources to meet the
community's diverse needs.

However, prolonged drought and changing environmental conditions have dramatically impacted these sources.



SANTA MARIA GROUNDWATER BASIN

Grover Beach





## HOW IT WORKS

The community benefits from a new, drought-proof water supply

#### **Groundwater Pumping**

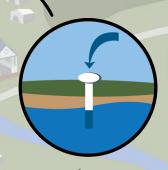
Later, the purified water is pumped for drinking water

#### Community

The community's wastewater is sent to Pismo Beach's Wastewater Treatment Plant







#### **Groundwater Storage**

~900 AFY of purified water is injected into the groundwater basin to replenish the supply and to protect against seawater intrusion

#### Pismo Beach Wastewater Treatment Plant

Treated water from Pismo Beach's WWTP is piped to the new Advanced Water Purification Facility





## Advanced Water Purification Facility

Advanced treatment technologies purify the water and stabilize it for groundwater recharge



## Regional Collaboration





- Competing Priorities
- Ownership Share
- Affordability
- Project Management Structure
- Joint Powers Agreement





## **Economics**



- Affordability
- Funding & Financing Strategy
- Cost Share Agreement
- Market Conditions
- Facility Operation

## **Public Outreach**





- Public Awareness
- Public Acceptance
- Rate Impacts



## Regulatory Landscape





- CEQA/EIR
- EIR Addendum
- Coastal Development Permit
- Federal Consultations

