





Land Use & CEQA Update

Presented to the League of California Cities 2021 Annual Conference on September 23, 2021

Bill Ihrke / Rutan & Tucker, LLP bihrke@rutan.com



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

1

AGENDA

- GENERAL OBSERVATIONS re CASES
 - **•SUMMARY OF FEDERAL CASES**
 - SUMMARY OF REPORTED COURT OF APPEAL CASES
 - SUMMARY OF NOTABLE UNPUBLISHED APPELLATE CASES
 - QUESTIONS



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

Federal Cases



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

3

Pakdel v. City and County of San Francisco, California

-- U.S. ---, 141 S.Ct. 2226 (June 28, 2021)

- Partial owners of tenancy-in-common multi-unit residential building brought § 1983 action
- Alleged ordinance was unconstitutional regulatory taking / Conditions that owners offer tenants lifetime lease prior to condominium conversion
- Lower courts dismissed for failure to comply with San Francisco's administrative procedures
- HOLDING: Vacated & Remanded / Owners did not have to comply with admin. procedures
- Knick v. Township of Scott (2019) 588 U.S. ---, 139 S.Ct. 2162 followed (5th Amendment Takings)
- "Plaintiffs may bring constitutional claims under § 1983 without first bringing any sort of state lawsuit"



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

Cedar Point Nursery v. Hassid

-- U.S. ---, 141 S.Ct. 2063 (June 23, 2021)

- Agricultural employers brought action against State Ag. Labor Relations Board
- Challenged State regulation granting labor organizations "right to access" property to solicit support for unionization / Reg. allowed organizers on property up to 3 hours per day and 120 days per year
- HOLDING: Regulation appropriated employers' right to exclude from property / thus a per se taking / 5th Amend. requires just compensation



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

5

Center for Biological Diversity v. Haaland

998 F.3d 1061 (9th Cir., June 3, 2021)

- Endangered Species Act (ESA) and U.S. APA case
- The Center sought review of U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) reversing prior decision that Pacific walrus qualified for listing as endangered or threatened
- District court granted summary judgment for FWS / Center appealed
- HOLDING: de novo review / reversed & remanded / FWS did not sufficiently explain why changed position
- · Lengthy proceedings and settlement involved
- Summary: FWS Assessment did not offer comparison between current findings and prior 2011 decision / only mentioned 2011 process and indicated uncertainty in several critical conclusions / Lack of substance, thus arbitrary & capricious under Federal APA review



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

Friends of Animals v. Haaland

997 F.3d 1010 (9th Cir., May 17, 2021)

- Endangered Species Act (ESA) and U.S. APA case
- Challenge to Fish and Wildlife Service's (FWS) denial of citizen petition to list Pryor Mountain wild horse population as threatened or endangered
- District court granted summary judgment for FWS / organization appealed
- HOLDING: de novo review / reversed & remanded: (1)
 Case of first impression = final rule requiring private
 parties seeking to list species provide affected states
 30-day notice of intent to file petition was invalid; (2)
 FWS's summary denial of the organization's petition
 was arbitrary and capricious
- Take Away: pre-filing requirements as impediments



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

7

A Community Voice v. U.S. EPA

997 F.3d 983 (9th Cir., May 14, 2020)

- Writ challenge to EPA under Toxic Substances Control Act, Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act, and U.S. APA, to act on rulemaking petition granted years earlier re: dust-lead hazard and lead-paint standards
- HOLDING: (1) EPA required to set dust-lead hazard standards solely on basis of its assessment of health risks; (2) EPA acted arbitrarily and capriciously failing to update its definition of "leadbased paint"; (3) EPA's failure to update soil-lead hazard standards violated TSCA; (4) EPA had to reconsider dust-lead clearance levels when it promulgated new hazard standards



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

Reported State Court of Appeal Cases



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

9

Save Our Access—San Gabriel Mountains v. Watershed Conservation Authority

(Aug. 19, 2021) -- Cal.App.5th ---, 2021 WL 3673902

- Advocacy group petitioned for writ ordering authority set aside approval of project to improve area in Angeles National Forest alleging EIR deficiencies
- Trial court granted in part / ordered agency articulate and substantiate parking baseline / awarded \$154,000 in attorney's fees
- HOLDING: Reversed: (1) EIR did not "gloss over" project's parking reduction; (2) EIR only required to address parking reduction to extent reduction had secondary impact; (3) EIR sufficiently evaluated alternative proposals; (4) project did not conflict with land management plan or presidential proclamation

*Not included in accompanying case summaries



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

Save Lafayette Trees v. East Bay Regional Park District

(June 30, 2021) 66 Cal. App. 5th 21

- Neighbors filed amended petition/complaint to vacate district's approval of MOU with PG&E allowing removal of 245 trees from district land
- Trial court sustained demurrer w/o leave
- HOLDING: Affirmed:
 - (1) tolling agreement with district re: CEQA challenge not binding on non-party utility;
 - (2) CEQA's 180-day statute of limitations triggered on date of public hearing;



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

1

11

Save Lafayette Trees v. East Bay Regional Park District

(continued)

- HOLDING (continued):
 - (3) statutory exception prohibiting district from interfering with public property that is either "owned or controlled" by city did not require district to comply with municipal tree protection ordinance;
 - (4) district's board not bound by district ordinance providing rules and regulations for the general public's use of its land;
 - (5) district's actions were all quasi-legislative actions / constitutional due process rights of notice and hearing inapplicable
- SPECIAL NOTE: Petition for Review filed (Aug. 10, 2021)



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

Linovitz Capo Shores LLC v. California Coastal Commission

(June 25, 2021) 65 Cal.App.5th 1106

- Owners of beachfront mobilehomes petitioned for writ declaring coastal development permits (CDPs) from Commission deemed approved under Permit Streamlining Act (Act).
- Trial court denied petition / Court of Appeal reversed and remanded
- Matter of first impression: Commission and HCD have concurrent jurisdiction for mobilehomes in coastal zone
- Between 2011-2013, owners applied for, and received, permits from HCD under Mobile Home Parks Act (MPA) for remodels to change interior walls, outfit exteriors, replace roofs, and add second stories



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

1

13

Linovitz Capo Shores LLC v. California Coastal Commission

(continued)

- HCD has exclusive jurisdiction over mobilehome construction and design
- CDP applications concerned renovations on grounds *surrounding* mobilehome structures, *e.g.* carports, patio covers, barbeques
- Evidence supported the trial court's finding no withdrawal of CDP applications
- Commission's public hearing notice = "public notice required by law" under Act / necessary prerequisites to deemed approval satisfied
- SPECIAL NOTE: Petition for Review filed (Aug. 4, 2021)



Martin v. California Coastal Commission

(June 23, 2021) 66 Cal.App.5th 622

- Challenge to Commission's conditions for vacant oceanfront lot to eliminate basement and to set back home 79 feet from bluff edge
- HOLDING: Court of Appeal affirmed in part & reversed in part:
 - Commission correctly interpreted Encinitas Local Coastal Program (LCP) calculation of setback
 - Condition prohibiting construction of a basement consistent with LCP removability requirement
- Lindstrom v. California Coastal Commission (2019) 40 Cal.App.5th 73 followed (re: same LCP and interpretation of set back requirements)



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

1

15

Newtown Preservation Society v. County of El Dorado

(June 16, 2021) 65 Cal.App.5th 771

- Challenge to MND for a bridge replacement project (Newtown Road Bridge at South Fork Weber Creek) / writ denied & affirmed by Third District Court of Appeal
- Petitioners argued project may have significant impacts on fire evacuation routes during bridge construction and thus an EIR was required
- · Petitioners' erroneously framed fair argument test
- Test = whether record contains substantial evidence project may have significant effect on environment or may exacerbate existing environmental hazards
- Petitioners failed to meet their burden / "lay testimony" and focus only on safety concerns
- Unpublished portion of opinion: County did not impermissibly defer mitigation



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

Kracke v. City of Santa Barbara

(May 4, 2021) 63 Cal.App.5th 1089

- Short-term vacation rental (STVR) Coastal Zone case
- Manager of STVR sought writ to compel allowing rental as previously allowed b/f ban / writ was granted
- Court of Appeal held City's ban constituted "development" under Coastal Act / required CDP or amendment to LCP
- Examined Greenfield v. Mandalay Shores Community Assn. (2018) 21 Cal.App.5th 896 (HOA could not ban STVRs in Oxnard's Coastal Zone; decision to ban or regulate must be made by the City and Commission)
- STVRs not expressly included in Santa Barbara LCP / Court of Appeal concluded exclusion did not excuse approval by both City and Commission or applicability of the Coastal Act

*Petition for Review denied (Aug. 11, 2021)



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

1

17

Issakhani v. Shadow Glen Homeowners Assn., Inc.

(May 27, 2021) 63 Cal.App.5th 917

- Condo complex guest brought action against a condo complex owner for negligence and premises liability from injuries sustained by being struck by a car crossing the street
- HOLDING: Condo owner had no common law duty of care / summary judgment affirmed
- TAKE-AWAY: Los Angeles City Ordinance did not create duty of care based on rezoning complex's parcel and condition meant to provide adequate guest parking



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

Stop Syar Expansion v. County of Napa (April 23, 2021) 63 Cal.App.5th 444

- Community group filed a writ challenging planning commission's modified approval of quarry expansion / denied writ affirmed
- Planning commission properly determined project consistent with general plan per CEQA
- Lengthy proceedings since 2008 application / 7 years of environ. review / EIR certified 2015 / Court of Appeal upheld EIR (unreported)
- Reported portion: Admin. appeal limited issues that Court of Appeal would consider



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

19

19

California Coastkeeper Alliance v. State Lands Commission

(April 8, 2021) 64 Cal. App. 5th 36

- CEQA case involving certified EIR for Poseidon desalination plant in City of Huntington Beach
- In 2010, nonparty City was lead agency for CEQA and certified a 2010 subsequent EIR / Project did not move forward
- Poseidon modified project to address lease modification with State Lands Commission / in 2017, Commission certified Supplemental EIR
- HOLDING: (1) No CEQA violation b/c Commission was not initially lead agency; (2) No unlawful piecemealing/segmenting environmental review



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

Notable Unreported Court of Appeal Cases



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

21

Boppana v. City of Los Angeles

(July 16, 2021) 2021 WL 3012620 [unreported case]

- Case re: land use permits for accessory structures and dispute b/w neighbors
- Fair hearing/abuse of discretion issues raised
- Good summary (with citable precedent) in determining whether a city complied with required procedures, whether a city's findings are supported by substantial evidence, and deference of courts (Mateel Environmental Justice Foundation v. Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (2018) 24 Cal.App.5th 220, 229; Exxon Mobil Corp. v. Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (2009) 169 Cal.App.4th 1264, 1276)



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

Tchejeyan v. City Council of City of Thousand Oaks (July 7, 2021) 2021 WL 2819393 [unreported case]

- Case in which the city moved to dismiss plaintiff's writ petition based on: (1) failure to timely serve an amended petition, and (2) failure to name Verizon Wireless as an indispensable party
- Court of Appeal affirmed dismissal, holding 90 days in Gov. Code § 65009(c)(1)(E), not 180 days in § 65009(d), applied
- Court held City Council's decision adopted on date of resolution and effective immediately (citing Marquez v. Medical Bd. of California (2010) 182 Cal.App.4th 548, 558)



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

2

23

Patane v. County of Santa Clara (June 30, 2021) 2021 WL 2679034 [unreported case]

- CEQA case where petitioner contended:
 - (1) EIR's conclusions regarding aesthetic impact of light emitted from a proposed greenhouses during non-daylight hours, specifically sky glow on cloudy skies, were not supported by substantial evidence;
 - (2) EIR's mitigation measures for greenhouse lighting were inadequate; and
 - (3) the county's response to comments by petitioner's lighting expert were inadequate.
- Court of Appeal found no merit to petitioner's contentions and affirmed trial court judgment



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

Sasan v. County of Marin

(June 10, 2021) 2021 WL 2373509 [unreported case]

- Case that involved a planning commission approval of a design review application subsequently reversed on administrative appeal by the board of supervisors
- Petitioners challenged final board action and supporting findings were legally defective and unsupported by substantial evidence
- The Court of Appeal disagreed, finding that the board's findings satisfied Topanga Association for a Scenic Community v. County of Los Angeles (1974) 11 Cal.3d 506, 515 [must show the "analytic route the administrative agency traveled from evidence to action"].)



18575 Jamboree Road, 9th Floor, Irvine, CA 92612 | 714-641-5100

2

25

Questions?

